

# THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME:

## Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station

Whereas, THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE  
**Secretary of Agriculture**

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED NOVEL VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF *seventeen* YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, [THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR IMPORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM.] TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. THE UNITED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY (1) SHALL BE SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY AS MASS OF CERTIFIED SEED AND (2) SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER OF GENERATIONS AND BY THE OWNER OF THE RIGHTS. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

\*[Waived]

WHEAT

'Homestead'

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set  
my hand and caused the seal of the Plant  
Variety Protection Office to be affixed  
at the City of Washington  
this 24th day of November in  
the year of our Lord one thousand nine  
hundred and seventy-five

Attest:

*L. J. Rollin*  
Commissioner  
Plant Variety Protection Office  
Grain Division  
Agricultural Marketing Service

*Earl L. Butz*  
Secretary of Agriculture



## APPLICATION FOR PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION CERTIFICATE

INSTRUCTIONS: See Reverse.

1. VARIETY NAME OR TEMPORARY DESIGNATION <b>Homestead (C.I.17264)</b>	2. KIND NAME <b>Hard Red Winter Wheat</b>	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY PV NUMBER <b>7400107</b>	
3. GENUS AND SPECIES NAME <b><u>Triticum aestivum</u> L.</b>	4. FAMILY NAME (Botanical) <b>Gramineae</b>	FILING DATE <b>6-10-74</b>	TIME <b>11</b> A.M.
	5. DATE OF DETERMINATION <b>July, 1968</b>	FEE RECEIVED <b>\$ 250.00</b>	BALANCE DUE <b>\$ —</b>
		<b>\$ 250.00</b>	<b>\$ —</b>
6. NAME OF APPLICANT(S) <b>Board of Regents University of Nebraska and Agricultural Research Service U.S. Department of Agriculture</b>	7. ADDRESS (Street and No. or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code) <b>Lincoln, Nebraska 68508 Washington, D.C. 20250</b>		8. TELEPHONE AREA CODE AND NUMBER <b>402-472-7211 202-447-3656</b>
9. IF THE NAMED APPLICANT IS NOT A PERSON, FORM OF ORGANIZATION: (Corporation, partnership, association, etc.) <b>Corporation and U.S. Government Agency</b>	10. STATE OF INCORPORATION <b>Nebraska and Washington D.C.</b>		11. DATE OF INCORPORATION

12. Name and mailing address of applicant representative(s), if any, to serve in this application and receive all papers:

<b>Dr. Howard W. Ottoson, Director Agricultural Experiment Station University of Nebraska-Lincoln Lincoln, Nebraska 68503</b>	<b>Dr. T. W. Edminster Office of Administrator USDA, Agricultural Research Service Washington, D. C. 20250</b>
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## 13. CHECK BOX BELOW FOR EACH ATTACHMENT SUBMITTED:

- ☒ 13A. Exhibit A, Origin and Breeding History of the Variety (See Section 52 of the Plant Variety Protection Act.)
- ☒ 13B. Exhibit B, Botanical Description of the Variety
- ☒ 13C. Exhibit C, Objective Description of the Variety
- ☒ 13D. Exhibit D, Data Indicative of Novelty
- ☒ 13E. Exhibit E, Statement of the Basis of Applicant's Ownership

14A. Does the applicant(s) specify that seed of this variety be sold by variety name only as a class of certified seed? (See Section 83(a). (If "Yes," answer 14B and 14C below.) ☒ YES ☐ NO

14B. Does the applicant(s) specify that this variety be limited as to number of generations? ☒ YES ☐ NO

14C. If "Yes," to 14B, how many generations of production beyond breeder seed? ☒ FOUNDATION ☒ REGISTERED ☒ CERTIFIED

The applicant declares that a viable sample of basic seed of this variety will be deposited upon request before issuance of a certificate and will be replenished periodically in accordance with such regulations as may be applicable.

The undersigned applicant(s) of this sexually-reproduced novel plant variety believes that the variety is distinct, uniform, and stable as required in Section 41 and is entitled to protection under the provisions of Section 42 of the Plant Variety Protection Act.

Applicant is informed that false representation herein can jeopardize protection and result in penalties.

FOR THE BOARD OF REGENTS - UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA

June 4, 1974  
(DATE)

8/24/74  
(DATE)

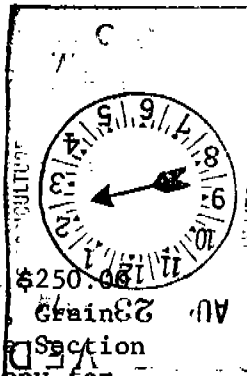
*Miles Tommerbasen*  
Miles Tommerbasen, Vice Chancellor for

Business & Finance

*T. W. Edminster*  
(SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT)

22/1

## INSTRUCTIONS



GENERAL: Send an original copy of the application, exhibits and fee to U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Agricultural Marketing Service, Grain Division, 6525 Belcrest Road, Hyattsville, Maryland 20782. (See Section 180.175 of the regulations and rules of practice.) Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the form are self-explanatory unless noted below.

### ITEM

- 5 Insert the date the applicant determined that he had a new variety based on the definition in Section 41 (a) of the Act and decision is made to increase the seed.
- 13a First, give the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method. Second, give the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication. Third, indicate the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified. Fourth, provide evidence on stability.
- 13b First, give any special characteristics of the seed and of the plant as it passes through the seedling stage, flowering stage and the fruiting stage. Second, describe the mature plant and compare it with a similar commercial variety grown under the same conditions, and indicate the differences.
- 13c A supplemental form will be furnished by the PVPO to describe in detail a variety for each kind of seed.
- 13d Provide complete data indicative of novelty. Seed and plant specimens or photographs of seed and plant comparisons clearly indicating novelty may be submitted. Seeds submitted may be sterile.
- 13e Indicate whether applicant is the actual breeder, the employer of the breeder, the owner through purchase or inheritance, etc.

## EXHIBIT A

## Origin and Breeding History of Homestead

Pedigree: Scout/4/Kenya58/Newthatch/2/Cheyenne/Tenmarq/Mediterranean/Hope/  
3/Pawnee/Cheyenne

Date of Cross: Cross 62171, 1962

Place: Agronomy Department, Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station,  
Lincoln, Nebraska

Breeding system: Mass-pedigree

The breeding history of Homestead is summarized in Table 1. The decision to release NE68437 (C.I.17264) under the name HOMESTEAD was made by the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station on March 29, 1973. Public release of information on Homestead as a variety occurred on June 15, 1973.\* The North Central Region, Agricultural Research Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture and the Kansas Agricultural Experiment Station joined the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station in the release of Homestead.

Breeder seed of NE68437 was seeded in 1972 for production of foundation seed. At the same time 10 bushels each of breeder seed was allocated to the Kansas Agricultural Experiment Station and to the Illinois Agricultural Experiment Station.

In 1973, the Nebraska Foundation Seed Division produced 1191 bushels of foundation seed and 98 bushels of breeder seed. The foundation seed was allocated to Nebraska growers for production of registered seed in 1974 and the breeder seed was used for the production of foundation seed in 1974.

The most obvious variant observed in Homestead during seed multiplication is a taller plant type (3-4 inches taller than typical Homestead plants). The percentage of such offtype plants does not exceed 0.1 percent. Other offtype plants were very rare. Homestead is as stable genetically as Scout 66.

\* Release statement attached.

NEBRASKA AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION  
UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA - LINCOLN  
AGRONOMY DEPARTMENT

HOMESTEAD HARD RED WINTER WHEAT

History:

Homestead (C.I. 17264) is an increase of a single F<sub>3</sub> head selection from the 1962 cross, Scout/4/Kenya 58/Newthatch/2/Cheyenne/Tenmarq/Mediterranean/Hope/3/Pawnee/Cheyenne. It was increased and tested as NE68437. It was entered in Nebraska tests in 1969 and in regional tests in 1971.

Contributions:

Homestead was developed cooperatively by the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station and the North Central Region, Agricultural Research Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture. The development was supported in part by grants from the Division of Wheat Development, Marketing and Utilization, Nebraska Department of Agriculture. J. W. Schmidt, V. A. Johnson, A. F. Dreier, and P. J. Mattern of the Agronomy Department and G. Dornhoff, P. Nordquist, P. Grabouski, L. Nelson, and C. Fenster of the out-state stations identified the agronomic and quality characteristics of the variety. K. F. Finney, and J. A. Johnson and A. Ward, A. R. S. and Kansas State University, respectively, participated in the quality evaluation.

Recommendations:

Homestead is best adapted to the Southeast Cropping District. In this district, the improved straw strength and stem-rust and soil-borne mosaic resistance of this variety will be the most beneficial.

Description:

Homestead is an awned, white-glumed variety. Beaks are moderately long\*. Homestead is four to five inches shorter than Scout 66 and lodges less than Scout 66. It is similar to Scout 66 in maturity or it may head slightly earlier. Homestead has excellent stem-rust and soil-borne mosaic resistance. It is susceptible to leaf rust and Hessian fly. It may not be quite as winterhardy as Scout 66. Under certain environmental conditions, Homestead may show considerable brown necrosis on the glumes and peduncles. Bread baking quality of Homestead is very good. The variety appears to have above average grain-protein content.

Seed Availability:

Production from 25 acres of foundation seed increase fields of Homestead at Mead, Nebraska, will be available for distribution following harvest in 1973. Distribution of foundation seed to eligible certified growers will be by the Foundation Seed Division, Department of Agronomy, University of Nebraska-Lincoln.

\* Correction: Measurement data obtained from 1973 field planting show this to be incorrect. Beaks of Homestead are moderately short.

Seed Classes:

7400107

Seed classes of Homestead designated by the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station are breeder, foundation, registered, and certified. Homestead will be submitted for registration and variety protection under P. L. 91-577 with the certification option.

Variety Release Information:

Publicity on the release of Homestead will be on June 15, 1973.

Approved:

*R. G. Hamrick*  
CHAIRMAN, Department of Agronomy

14 May 73  
Date

*E. A. Johnson*  
CHAIRMAN, Department of Entomology

5/15/73  
Date

*W. B. Boudin*  
CHAIRMAN, Department of Plant Pathology

5/15/73  
Date

*W* *E. F. Frolik*  
DEAN, College of Agriculture

22 May 73  
Date

## EXHIBIT B

## Botanical Description of Homestead

The botanical description of Homestead is as follows: Plant winter-habit, early; height, short; stem white to yellow, mid-strong; spike awned, tapering, mid-dense, erect before maturity and a tendency to stay erect at maturity; glumes glabrous, white to yellow, short and narrow; shoulders narrow and square to oblique; beaks mid-short and acuminate; awn white 6-9 cm long; kernels red, hard, mid-long, ovate to elliptical; germ mid-sized; crease shallow; cheeks rounded; brush medium, not collared.

Homestead is similar in field appearance to Scout in having a bluish-green foliage and waxy bloom, but somewhat wider leaves. It is considerably shorter in height (about 15-20% shorter) but very similar in maturity. Like Scout, it does not shatter easily.

OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY  
WHEAT (TRITICUM SPP.)

INSTRUCTIONS: See Reverse.

NAME OF APPLICANT(S) **Board of Regents, University of Nebraska**  
**Agricultural Research Service, U.S. Dept. of Agriculture**  
ADDRESS (Street and No. or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code)

**Lincoln, Nebr. 68503 - Washington, D. C. 20250**

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

PVPO NUMBER

**7400107**

VARIETY NAME OR TEMPORARY  
DESIGNATION

**Homestead**

Place the appropriate number that describes the varietal character of this variety in the boxes below.

Place a zero in first box (e.g. **0 8 9** or **0 9**) when number is either 99 or less or 9 or less.

1. KIND:

**1** 1 = COMMON 2 = DURUM 3 = EMMER 4 = SPELT 5 = POLISH 6 = POULARD 7 = CLUB

2. TYPE:

**2** 1 = SPRING 2 = WINTER 3 = OTHER (Specify) **2** 1 = SOFT 3 = OTHER (Specify)  
2 = HARD

**2** 1 = WHITE 2 = RED 3 = OTHER (Specify)

3. SEASON - NUMBER OF DAYS FROM EMERGENCE TO: **Meaningless in winter wheat**

**0 0 0** FIRST FLOWERING **0 0 0** LAST FLOWERING

4. MATURITY (50% Flowering):

**0 0** NO. OF DAYS EARLIER THAN **2** 1 = ARTHUR 2 = SCOUT 3 = CHRIS  
**0 0** NO. OF DAYS LATER THAN **2** 4 = LEMHI 5 = NUGAINES 6 = LEEDS

5. PLANT HEIGHT (From soil level to top of head):

**0 8 8** CM. HIGH  
**0 0** CM. TALLER THAN **0** 1 = ARTHUR 2 = SCOUT 3 = CHRIS  
**2 2** CM. SHORTER THAN **2** 4 = LEMHI 5 = NUGAINES 6 = LEEDS

6. PLANT COLOR AT BOOTING (See reverse):

**3** 1 = YELLOW GREEN 2 = GREEN 3 = BLUE GREEN

7. ANTHR COLOR:

**1** 1 = YELLOW 2 = PURPLE

8. STEM:

**1** Anthocyanin: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT **2** Waxy bloom: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT  
**1** Hairiness of last internode of rachis: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT **1** Internodes: 1 = HOLLOW 2 = SOLID  
**0 5** NO. OF NODES (Originating from node above ground) **0 0** CM. INTERNODE LENGTH BETWEEN FLAG LEAF AND LEAF BELOW

9. AURICLES:

**1** Anthocyanin: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT **3** Hairiness: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT **3. Slight amount**

10. LEAF:

**2** Flag leaf at booting stage: 1 = ERECT 2 = RECURVED 1 **1** Flag leaf: 1 = NOT TWISTED 2 = TWISTED  
3 = OTHER (Specify): **1** Hairs of first leaf sheath: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT **2** Waxy bloom of flag leaf sheath: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT  
**0 9** MM. LEAF WIDTH (First leaf below flag leaf) **2 2** CM. LEAF LENGTH (First leaf below flag leaf):



'Homestead' 7400107

## 11. HEAD:

☐ 3 Density: 1 = LAX 2 = DENSE 3. middense ☐ 1 Shape: 1 = TAPERING 2 = STRAP 3 = CLAVATE  
4 = OTHER (Specify)

☐ 4 Awnedness: 1 = AWNLESS 2 = APICALLY AWNLETED 3 = AWNLETED 4 = AWNED

☐ 2 Color at maturity: 1 = WHITE 2 = YELLOW 3 = PINK 4 = RED  
5 = BROWN 6 = BLACK 7 = OTHER (Specify):

☐ 0 ☐ 8 CM. LENGTH

☐ 0 ☐ 8 MM. WIDTH

## 12. GLUMES AT MATURITY:

☐ 1 Length: 1 = SHORT (CA. 7 mm.) 2 = MEDIUM (CA. 8 mm.)  
3 = LONG (CA. 9 mm.)

☐ 1 Width: 1 = NARROW (CA. 3 mm.) 2 = MEDIUM (CA. 3.5 mm.)  
3 = WIDE (CA. 4 mm.)

☐ 1 1 Glabrous 2 Pubescent

☐ 2 Shoulder: 1 = WANTING 2 = OBLIQUE 3 = ROUNDED  
shape: 4 = SQUARE 5 = ELEVATED 6 = APICULATE  
Really square to oblique

☐ 3 Beak: 1 = OBTUSE 2 = ACUTE 3 = ACUMINATE

## 13. COLEOPTILE COLOR:

☐ 1 1 = WHITE 2 = RED 3 = PURPLE

## 14. SEEDLING ANTHOCYANIN:

☐ 1 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT

## 15. JUVENILE PLANT GROWTH HABIT:

☐ 1 1 = PROSTRATE 2 = SEMI-ERECT 3 = ERECT

## 16. SEED:

☐ 4 Shape: 1 = OVATE 2 = OVAL 3 = ELLIPTICAL  
4 = ovate to elliptical

☐ 1 Cheek: 1 = ROUNDED 2 = ANGULAR

☐ 2 Brush: 1 = SHORT 2 = MEDIUM 3 = LONG

☐ 1 Brush: 1 = NOT COLLARED 2 = COLLARED

☐ 6 Phenol reaction 1 = IVORY 2 = FAWN 3 = LT. BROWN  
(See instructions): 4 = BROWN 5 = BLACK

6. 80% black, 20% brown to black

☐ 3 Color: 1 = WHITE 2 = AMBER 3 = RED 4 = PURPLE 5 = OTHER (Specify)

☐ 0 ☐ 6 MM. LENGTH

☐ 0 ☐ 3 MM. WIDTH

☐ 2 ☐ 7 GM. PER 1000 SEEDS

## 17. SEED CREASE:

☐ Width: 1 = 60% OR LESS OF KERNEL 'WINOKA'  
2 = 80% OR LESS OF KERNEL 'CHRIS'  
3 = NEARLY AS WIDE AS KERNEL 'LEMHI'

☐ Depth: 1 = 20% OR LESS OF KERNEL 'SCOUT'  
2 = 35% OR LESS OF KERNEL 'CHRIS'  
3 = 50% OR LESS OF KERNEL 'LEMHI'

## 18. DISEASE: (0 = Not Tested, 1 = Susceptible, 2 = Resistant)

☐ 2 STEM RUST  
(Races)

☐ 1 LEAF RUST  
(Races)

☐ 0 STRIPE RUST  
(Races)

☐ 0 LOOSE SMUT

☐ 0 POWDERY MILDEW

☐ 0 BUNT

☐ 2 OTHER (Specify) Soil borne mosaic

## 19. INSECT: (0 = Not Tested, 1 = Susceptible, 2 = Resistant)

☐ 0 SAWFLY

☐ 0 APHID (Bydv.)

☐ 0 GREEN BUG

☐ CEREAL LEAF BEETLE

☐ OTHER (Specify)

HESSIAN FLY  
RACES:

☐ 1 GP

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D

☐ E

☐ F

☐ G

## 20. INDICATE WHICH VARIETY MOST CLOSELY RESEMBLES THAT SUBMITTED:

CHARACTER	NAME OF VARIETY	CHARACTER	NAME OF VARIETY
Plant tillering	Scout	Seed size	Scout
Leaf size	Scout	Seed shape	Lancer
Leaf color	Scout	Coleoptile elongation	---
Leaf carriage	scout	Seedling pigmentation	Scout

## INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: The following publications may be used as a reference aid for the standardization of terms and procedures for completing this form:

(a) L.W. Briggie and L. P. Reitz, 1963, Classification of Triticum Species and Wheat Varieties Grown in the United States, Technical Bulletin 1278, United States Department of Agriculture.

(b) W.E. Walls, 1965, A Standardized Phenol Method for Testing Wheat Seeds for Varietal Purity, contribution No. 28 to the handbook of seed testing prepared by the Association of Official Seed Analysts. (See attachment.)

LEAF COLOR: Nickerson's or any recognized color fan should be used to determine the leaf color of the described variety.

## EXHIBIT C (additional data)

Table 2. Comparative data for winter wheat varieties at Mead, Nebraska, 1973. Ten observations for plant height and 50 observations for all other traits.

Trait		: Scout 66	: Buckskin	: HiPlains	: Homestead	: Sentinel
Height: cm.	Mean	109.8	112.2	101.0	87.9	90.1
	Range	103-114	105-116	90-108	80-95	84-94
Internode length: cm.	Mean	24.6	25.5	26.9	24.7	25.3
	Range	19-30	20-30	19-31	15-30	20-30
Leaf length: cm.	Mean	23.8	28.7	25.5	22.4	25.5
	Range	17-30	20-35	18-30	17-28	19-30
Leaf width: mm.	Mean	7.72	9.08	9.78	9.14	9.22
	Range	6-11	7-11	8-12	7-12	7-11
Head length: cm. (from 1st rachis node)	Mean	9.37	9.27	8.68	8.17	8.25
	Range	8.0-11.0	7.3-11.0	7.1-10.2	6.8-9.8	6.9-9.3
Head width: mm.	Mean	8.7	8.3	8.8	8.5	8.6
	Range	6-10	7-12	7-12	7-12	7-11
Awn length: cm.	Mean	7.78	7.61	7.37	7.42	6.95
	Range	5.4-10.0	5.3-9.4	4.6-9.3	5.5-9.5	4.9-9.2
Glume length: mm.	Mean	10.3	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.4
	Range	8-12	6-9	6-9	6-9	6-9
Glume width: mm.	Mean	3.9	2.7	3.0	3.1	3.3
	Range	3-5	2-4	2-4	2-4	3-4
Beak length: mm.	Mean	2.7	9.1	9.5	3.0	1.9
	Range	1-10	5-17	7-17	2-6	1-3

## Exhibit C (Additional data)

Table 3. Comparative kernel data for winter wheats grown in Nebraska in 1973. Means of five locations. Kernel length and width based on 25 kernel counts for each location.

Trait	Scout 66	Buckskin	HiPlains	Homestead	Sentinel
1000 kernel weight, grams	28.14	25.57	25.86	26.72	26.59
Kernel length: (length of 25 kernels, mm)	161.0	155.6	147.8	160.0	155.2
Kernel width: (width of 25 kernels, mm)	67.8	65.2	65.4	68.4	68.2

## EXHIBIT D

## Data Indicative of Novelty of Homestead

There is no one item that contributes novelty to the Homestead variety. It can be distinguished from other varieties on a cumulative basis.

The distinctive features of Homestead are:

1. A Hard red winter wheat that has
  - a. Excellent field resistance to current stem rust races.
  - b. Excellent seedling resistance to almost all of the current stem rust races (see table 4).
  - c. Moderate resistance to soil-borne mosaic virus (see table 5).
  - d. Low level of infection with powdery mildew (highest reading 2 on 0-9 scale).
  - e. Susceptibility to leaf rust and Hessian fly.
  - f. Moderately short stature with improved lodging resistance (see table 6).
2. A Hard red winter wheat with
  - a. Intermediate gluten dough handling properties (see table 7 and figures 1 and 2).
  - b. Above average grain protein content (see table 8).

The Homestead variety has a tendency toward the head and peduncle melanism (pseudo-black chaff) associated with the Hope wheat type of stem rust resistance.

The Homestead variety is most similar to the Sentinel variety but it can be distinguished from it on the basis of soil-borne mosaic reaction since it is moderately resistant and Sentinel is susceptible.

Table 4 Seedling Reaction of the 1974 Northern Regional Hard Red Winter Wheat Performance Nursery to Puccinia graminis f. sp. tritici.  
(by D. V. McVey, Cereal Rust Laboratory, ARS, University of Minnesota, St. Paul, MN)

Reaction Produced by Isolates																
Entry No.	Variety or Cross	C.I. or Sel. No.	Source	MCB* 56	HFC 17	HJC 17	TBM 15	TLM 15B-2	TNA 72-4-1A	RPL 72-14-504C	RTQ 11-32-113	RHR 71-21-584B	RKQ 72-25-639C	QSH 72-44-703C	QFB 72-11-486B	QT 72-00-1370C
1.	Kharkef	CI 1442	check	S	R	R	S	S	S	R	R	S	R	I	I	I
2.	Warrior	CI 13190	check	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	I	I	I
3.	Pnc/3*Cnn/3/Ky58/Nth/2/2*Cnn/Tm/M1/ Hope/4/Sut	NE69441	Nebraska	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
4.	"	NE69442	"	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
5.	Warrior/Scout	NE70711	"	S	S	S	S	S	S	S,R	S	S	R	I	R	R
6.	"	NE70712	"	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	I	R	R
7.	Hume/Nebr. Semidwarf Comp.	SD697	So. Dak.	S	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	S,R	R	R
8.	SS/D8//Wnt/4/Hume/3/SS/12500/Rch/ Pn//Cnn	SD7216	"	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
9.	"	SD7219	"	R	S	S	S	R	S	S	R,S	S	S	I	I	I
10.	"	SD72134	"	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
11.	"	SD72172	"	R	R	S	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
12.	"	SD72175	"	R	S	S	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
13.	"	SD72193	"	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
14.	SS/D8//Wnt/3/Krr/III -54-12	SD7227	"	R	R	R	R	R	I	R	R	S	S	R	R	R
15.	Yg*3/Cnn Sel. 2-3-13-6	MT6715	Montana	S	S	S	S	S	S	R	R	S	S,R	S	S	S
16.	BWH 1376-8/YTO 117, Sel. 1-3-2-1	MT6916	"	S	R,S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	R	S	S	S
17.	Nb176/Y 18181//YTO 117, Sel. 1-1-4-3	MT6930	"	S	S,R	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	R	S	S	S
18.	Homestead	CI 17264	Nebraska	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	S	R	R
19.	Sentinel	CI 17265	"	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	S	S	S
20.	Buckskin	CI 17263	"	S	R,S	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	S	S	S
21.	Sage	KS70H179	Kansas	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
22.	Cloud	KS7016	"	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R

\*Cereal Rust Laboratory designation based upon 12 isogenic lines.

Table 5. Field reaction to soil-borne mosaic virus for selected entries, 1972-73.

Variety	1972				1973			
	Newton, Ks		Powhattan, Ks		Newton, Ks		Powhattan, Ks	
	Response	% Incidence	Severity	Response	Response	% Incidence	Severity	Response
			0-5				0-10	
Pawnee	S	MS	40.0	3	S		50	6
Bison (Susc. Check)	S	MS	2.5	1	S		10	1(10% R)
Concho (Res. Check)	R	R	2.5	1	R		0	0
Homstead	R	R	20	3	R		0	0
Sentinel	S	MS-	50	3	MS-		30	7
Buckskin	MR	R-	60	2	MR-		10	5
HiPlains	S	MR	50	2.5	MS		0	0

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Table 5a. Infection type produced by isolates of wheat stem rust on selected commercial hard red winter wheats. (Adapted from data supplied by the Cereal Rust Laboratory, ARS, USDA, University of Minnesota, St. Paul, Minnesota).

Variety	59-14-19	70-44-64C	72-4-1A	70-11-98B	72-00-53A	72-00-1370C	72-44-703C	73-45-977B
CRL Race Standard Race	MBC 56	HJC 17	TNM 15B-2	RKQ 32	RTQ 32	QFB 151	QSH 151	QCC 151
Gage	2-	2-	0;1,S	2	2	2-	2-	2-
Warrior	S	S	S	S	S	23	23	23
Scout 66	S	S	0;S	0;	0;	23	2	0
Homestead	0;	0;	0;	0;	0;	0;	S	0;
Sentinel	0;	2	0;	0;	0;	0;	S	0;
Buckskin	S	2	0;	0;	0;	23	S	0;
HiPlains	32	2-	0;1	0;	0;	0;	2-	0;
Centurk	0;	0;	0;	0;	0;	0;	S	0
Trapper	0;	0;	0;	S	S	0;	S	0;
Agent	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Lancer	S	0;	S	S	0;1	23	S	R
Triumph	S	2	S	2	2	2	2	2

Table 6 Southern Regional Performance Nursery data for selected entries, 1971-73 averages.

Variety	Yield Kg/ha	Days to head after Jan. 1	Plant height cm	Lodging 0-9 scale	Vol. Wt. Kg/hl
	(73 obs)	(61 obs)	(72 obs)	(19 obs)	(72 obs)
Scout 66	3208	138	95.0	2.90	77.5
Centurk	3305	139	90.3	2.13	76.4
Homestead	3131	138	84.0	1.47	76.1
Sentinel (1972-73 only)	3129	138.5	87.0	2.00	75.7
Buckskin	3231	138.7	96.3	1.33	76.6





Table 8 . Grain Protein content of selected varieties in Nebraska Outstate Tests.

Variety	Grain Protein %	
	1972	1973
Centurk	11.7	12.0
Scout 66	11.8	12.1
Scoutland	12.4	12.7
Homestead	12.2	12.9
Sentinel	12.3	13.0

Fig. 1. Mixograms (10-g.) for the Kansas Intrastate Nursery composites of hard winter wheat progenies harvested in 1973. Hard Winter Wheat Quality Research Unit, ARS, Manhattan, Kansas.

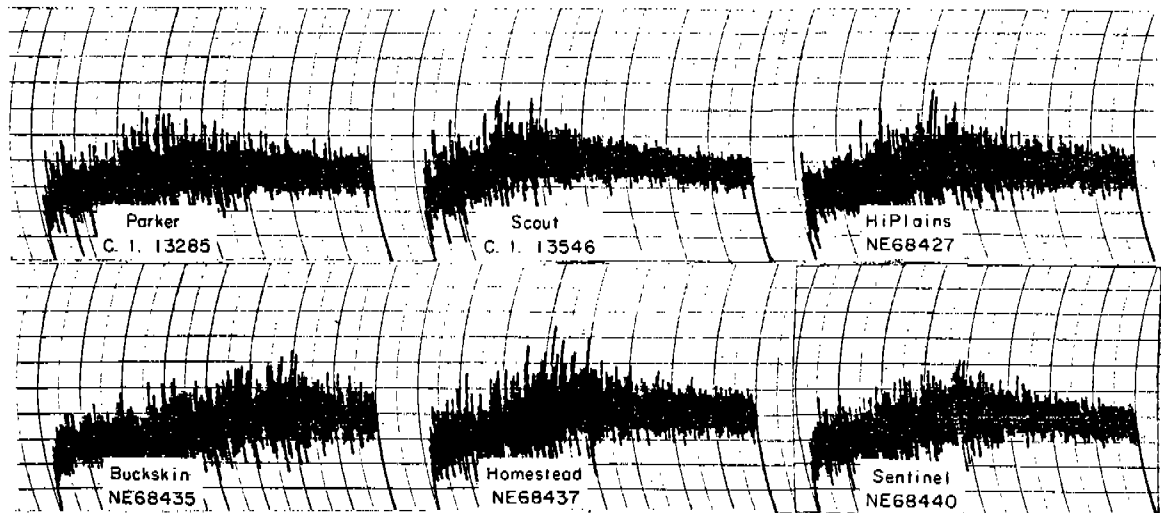
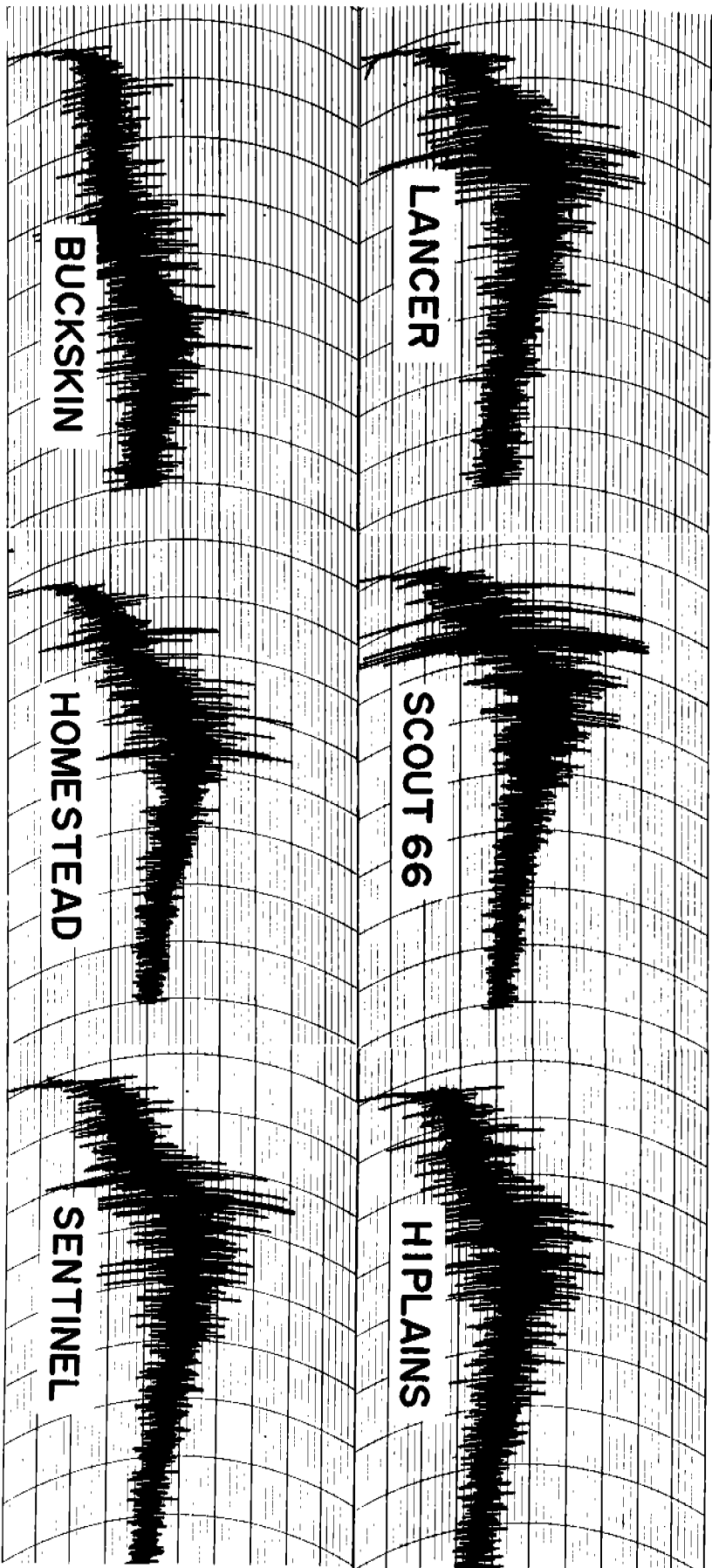


Figure 2. Representative mixograms for six Nebraska hard red winter wheats harvested in Nebraska in 1973.



## EXHIBIT E

## Statement of the Basis of the Applicant's Ownership

Homestead Hard Red Winter Wheat is a product of the breeding program of the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, Nebraska. The breeders were Dr. John W. Schmidt and Dr. Virgil A. Johnson, employees of the Experiment Station (Department of Agronomy) and the Agricultural Research Service, USDA (stationed and functioning also as a staff member in the Department of Agronomy), respectively.

By established policy, release of varieties developed by the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station programs is the sole prerogative of the Experiment Station as the responsible agency providing the staff and funds for the breeding program.

SUBJECT: Plant Variety Protection Certificates on Buckskin (C.I. 17263),  
Homestead (C.I. 17264), Sentinel (C.I. 17265), and HiPlains (C.I. 17262)

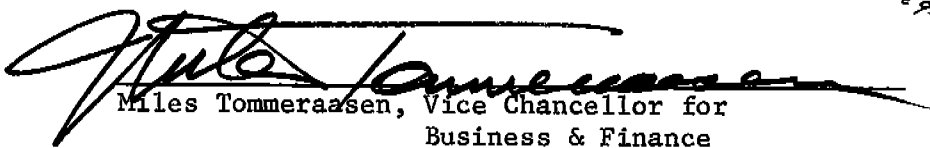
TO: Stanley F. Rollin, Commissioner  
Plant Variety Protection Office  
Grain Division  
Agricultural Marketing Service

As provided in section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act, 7 U.S.C. 2321, we request that the Certificates on the subject wheat varieties issue with the following notice on each Certificate:

The right to exclude others from selling, offering for sale, reproducing, importing or exporting the variety covered by this Certificate, or using it in producing a hybrid or different variety is hereby waived.

FOR THE BOARD OF REGENTS - UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA

7/31/74  
Date

  
Miles Tommeraasen, Vice Chancellor for  
Business & Finance

FOR THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

8/21/74  
Date

